

# SAFETY DATA SHEET


Bondesil Carbon, Bond Elut Carbon Bulk

## Section 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	: Bondesil Carbon, Bond Elut Carbon Bulk
<b>Chemical name</b>	: Carbon black
<b>Part no.</b>	: 6410G, 64100G
<b>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</b>	
<b>Identified uses</b>	: Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Use 6410G - 10g 64100G - 100g
<b>Supplier/Manufacturer</b>	: Agilent Technologies, Inc. 5301 Stevens Creek Blvd Santa Clara, CA 95051, USA 800-227-9770
<b>Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)</b>	: CHEMTREC®: 1-800-424-9300

## Section 2. Hazard identification

### Classification of the substance or mixture

	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1
H351	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
H412	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

### GHS label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



#### Signal word

: Warning

#### Hazard statements

: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. (inhalation)  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

#### Response

: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

#### Storage

: Not applicable.

#### Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### Supplemental label elements

: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Substance

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	Identifiers
Carbon black	Carbon black	100	CAS: 1333-86-4

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention.
- Skin contact** : Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
- Inhalation** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use approved Class D extinguisher or smother with dry sand, dry clay or dry ground limestone.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable solid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

**Remark** : This material is flammable in powder form only.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep away from water or moist air. Keep away from acids or bases. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Carbon black	<p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 7 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) Carc 2B.</b>            TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Inhalable.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Inhalable particulate matter..</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b>            C3.            TWAEV 8 hours: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: inhalable aerosol fraction.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b>            OEL 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p>

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** :  Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Solid. [Powder.]
- Color** : Black. / Gray.
- Odor** : Odorless.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** :  Closed cup: >500°C (>932°F)
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials. This material is flammable in powder form only.				
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	: Not applicable.				
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: Not available.				
<b>Vapor density</b>	: Not applicable.				
<b>Relative density</b>	: 1.7 to 1.9				
<b>Density</b>	: 1.7 to 1.9 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C (68°F)]				
<b>Solubility</b>	: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Media</th> <th>Result</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>water</td> <td>Insoluble</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Media	Result	water	Insoluble
Media	Result				
water	Insoluble				
<b>Solubility in water</b>	: <0.001 g/l				
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	: Not available.				
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: >315°C (>599°F)				
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: >3650°C (>6602°F)				
<b>Viscosity</b>	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.				
<b>Particle characteristics</b>					
<b>Median particle size</b>	: Not available.				

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: strong acids strong alkalis oxidizing materials water
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Evolves hydrogen on contact with water.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Carbon black	Rat - Oral - LD50 >15400 mg/kg

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
[Product]

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
[Product]

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
[Product]

#### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
[Product]

#### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
[Product]

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

##### Skin

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
[Product]

##### Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
[Product]

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
[Product]

#### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause cancer, based on animal data. (Dust)  
[Product]

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
Carbon black	2B	-	A3

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
[Product]

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
- Inhalation** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

- General** : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result		
Carbon black	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	37.563 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	>10000 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae
	Acute - NOEC - Fresh water	>10000 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

## Section 12. Ecological information

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/Water partition coefficient** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

**TDG / IMDG / IATA** : Not regulated.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Canadian lists

**Canadian NPRI** : This material is not listed.

**CEPA Toxic substances** : This material is not listed.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**Canada** : This material is listed or exempted.

**United States** : This material is active or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 12/20/2024

**Date of previous issue** : 02/01/2022

**Version** : 6

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
 HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations  
 IATA = International Air Transport Association  
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
 N/A = Not available  
 UN = United Nations

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
☑ COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1	On basis of test data
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Expert judgment
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	On basis of test data

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

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